



NOVEMBER 2025



CO-OP NEWS

2026 ANNUAL MEETING

3978 US Hwy 26/85
Torrington, WY 82240
PO Box 359, Lingle, WY 82223

How to reach us
877-WYRULEC

E-mail: wyrulec@wyrulec.com
Website: www.wyrulec.com

May through September
Office hrs: 6:30–5:00, Mon.-Fri.

October through April
Office hrs: 7:30–4:00, Mon.-Fri.

Board of Directors

Dewey Hageman
President

Mark Knaub
Vice President

Ben Scott
Secretary

Kenda Knudsen
Treasurer

Julie Kilty
Assistant Secretary

General Manager
Ryan Schilreff

Senior Staff
Miles Duffy
Operations Manager

Tiphonie Fuss
Office Manager

Your cooperative is a proud member of these fine organizations



The Board Seat for Districts #3 and #4 will be up for re-election at the 2026 Annual Meeting, which is scheduled for April 16th. Kenda Knudsen currently represents District #3, and Mark Knaub currently represents District #4. Both plan to run for their Board Seats as incumbents. If you currently live in one of these districts and are interested in running or would like further information, please contact a member of the Nominating Committee:

District #1: Jay Cross	307-575-3109
District #2: Douglas Frederick	307-532-0302
District #3: Kent Hunter	307-534-5721
District #4: Jack Revelle	308-631-8026
District #5: Curtis Grandstaff	307-575-2459

Article IV, Section 3 of the Wyrulec Company By-Laws states:

It shall be the duty of the board to appoint not less than ninety days before the date of the meeting of the members at which directors are to be elected, a committee on nominations consisting of one member from each directorate district referred to in Article IV, Section 2 of these By-laws. No officer or member of the board shall be appointed a member of such committee.

1. The committee shall prepare and post at the principal office of the Cooperative at least sixty days before the meeting, a list of candidates for each directorship to be elected.
2. Any fifteen (15) or more members may make other nominations in writing over their signatures not less than forty-five (45) days prior to the meeting, and the secretary shall post the same at the same place where the list of candidates selected by the committee is posted.



BE PREPARED FOR ICE STORMS AND WINTER POWER OUTAGES

Assembling supplies before a storm arrives is one of the keys to weathering a winter storm emergency.

Make sure your supply kit includes:

- Flashlights with fresh batteries.
- Wood for a properly ventilated fireplace.
- First aid kit, prescription medicines, and baby supplies.
- Nonperishable food and a manual can opener.
- A fully charged cell phone and battery pack.
- Bottled drinking water.
- Battery-powered emergency lights and radio.
- Blankets, extra clothing and gloves.

Maintaining warmth is a priority during a winter storm. Loss of body heat or hypothermia can be life threatening.

To help prevent hypothermia:

- Stay inside and dress warmly in layered clothing.
- When using an alternate heat source, follow operating instructions, use fire safeguards and be sure to properly ventilate. Only use an alternate heat source that is approved for indoor use.
- Stuff towels or rags underneath doors to keep the heat in.
- Cover windows at night.
- Keep a close eye on the temperature in your home. Infants and people over the age of 65 are more susceptible to the cold. You may want to stay with friends or relatives or go to an alternative location if you cannot keep your home warm.

Knowing how to keep your home and loved ones safe is also important:

- Switch off lights and appliances to prevent overloading circuits and damaging appliances if the power is out. Leave one lamp or light switch on as a signal for when your power is restored.
- To prevent water pipes from freezing, keep faucets turned on slightly so that water drips from the tap.
- Know how to shut off water valves just in case a pipe bursts.
- Never use a charcoal grill to cook with or heat inside the home. Burning charcoal gives off deadly carbon monoxide gas. Charcoal grills should only be used outdoors.

When outside, stay away from downed power lines:

- A power line does not need to be sparking or arcing to be energized, even if it is sagging close to or on the ground. Be aware that other utility lines can also become energized by being in contact with an electrical line.
- Lines that appear to be “dead” can become energized as crews work to restore power or, sometimes, from

improper use of emergency generators. Assume all low and downed lines are energized and dangerous. If you see a downed or sagging line, contact us.

- Motorists should never drive over a downed line as snagging a line could pull down a pole or other equipment and cause other hazards.
- Be careful when approaching intersections where traffic or crossing lights may be out.


If you plan to use a generator, know how to operate it safely.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY

TIP OF THE MONTH

To maximize your fireplace’s efficiency, always keep the damper closed when the fireplace is not in use. An open damper is like an open window, allowing warm indoor air to escape and cold air to enter. Consider installing a fireplace insert, which improves heat output by circulating warm air into the room rather than letting it escape up the chimney. Also, burn only seasoned hardwood to ensure a hotter, cleaner burn. Regularly clean and inspect your chimney to maintain safe and efficient operation.

Source: energy.gov



The following names have been drawn for a \$25 bill credit. Contact Wyrulec Company at 877-WYRULEC to claim your credit!

Brian Wodahl
Will & Vickie Goyen
Morris Hochstedler
Kenneth Boston
Bernice Goetschel



HELLO

SOMETHING NEW IS COMING

Wyrulec is currently working to bring a text messaging application to you soon. This service will be used for outage notifications and other important member communications.

Not sure we have your current cell number?
Give us a call!

*Launching Soon

*Stay tuned

*Opt In



TextPower[®]
An ARCOS Company

FOLLOW US @WYRULEC.COM FOR UPDATES.

How to Put Out Electrical Fires

Stay safe. Act fast. Know what to do.



Power down immediately.

If wires or appliances seem unsafe or smell odd, unplug if safe to do so, and switch off the circuit at the breaker box. If there's a fire, cut power, but only if you can do so safely.



Do NOT use water.

Water conducts electricity — throwing it on an electrical fire could cause a shock or electrocution.



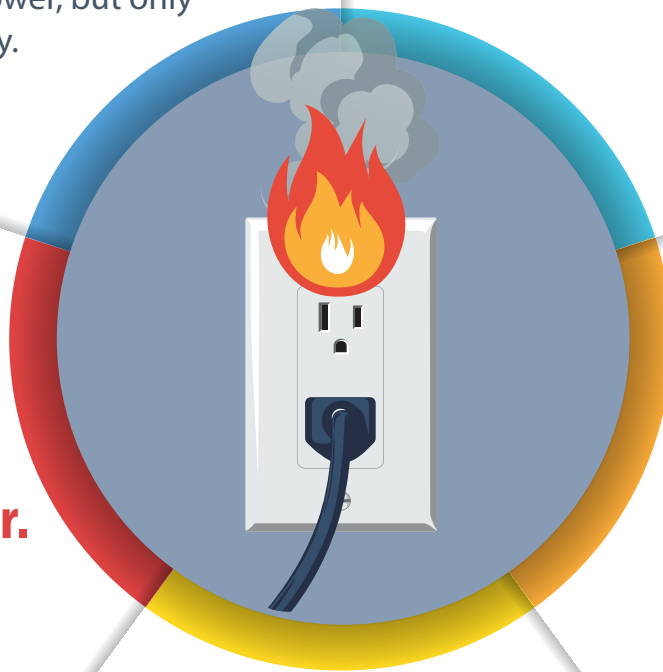
Use a Class C fire extinguisher.

These are specifically designed for electrical fires and are the safest way to put out the fire.



No extinguisher? Use baking soda.

Baking soda can smother small electrical fires by cutting off oxygen.



Call for help, even if you think the fire is out. Evacuate the area immediately if the fire is too large to extinguish safely.